Public participation in energy saving retrofitting China

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Background

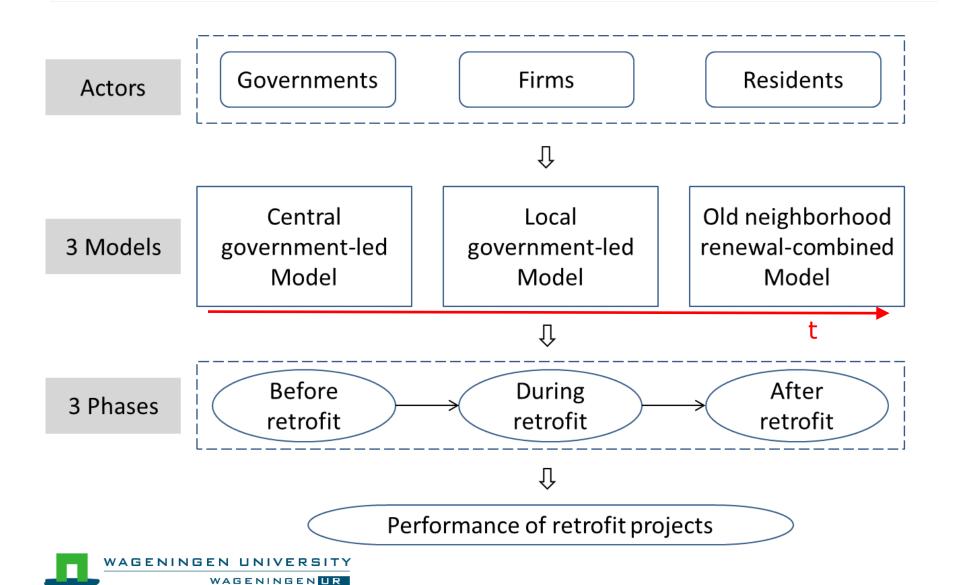
- Majority residential buildings are low-energy efficient
- In northern China heat loss 2-5 times larger than other northern countries
- From 2007 onwards government promotion energyefficiency retrofitting
- Mostly via top-down policy and implementation
- International research shows that participation in retrofitting improves energy performance
- No participation research in China on retrofitting.



Research question

To what extent, how and with what effect are residents involved in energy efficiency retrofitting?

Analytical framework



Methodology

- Three case studies in Beijing
- Focus on retrofitting walls, roofs, windows, radiators, metering, fresh air system
- Data collection through:
 - Documents on each case
 - Interviews government, neighbourhood committees
 - Survey residents(samples 77, 25, 27, resp.)
- Assessing
 - Participation
 - Effect on energy use behavior



Operationalization models

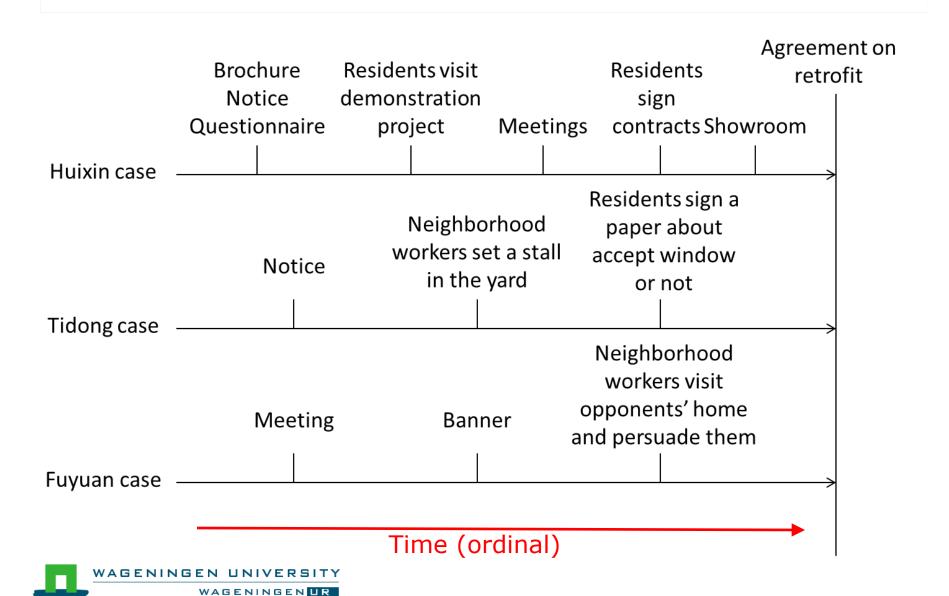
	Huixin	Tidong	Fuyuan
Model	Central government led	Local government led	Old neighbourhood renewal
Year retrofit	2007	2012	2013
During retrofit	stayed	stayed	moved
Social network	Yes	No	Yes
Payment	Co-financed by residents	Local government	Local government
Techn. options offered	all	Wall+ window	all
Decision power	Co-decision+ free choice	Acceptance windows; walls not	Forced co- decision
Participation	Intensive	hardly	Semi-intensive



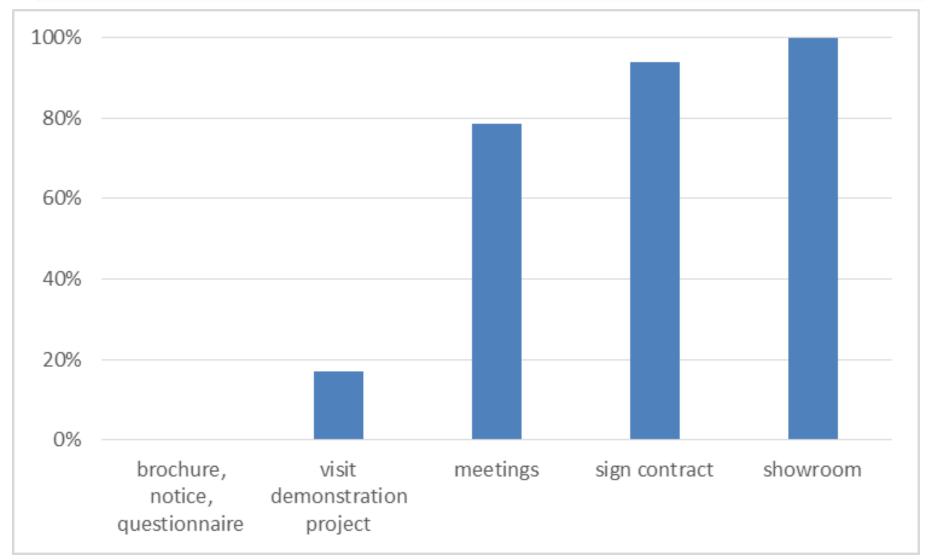
Implementation technologies

Cases	Huixin		Tidong		Fuyuan	
Technologies	Offer	% Adopt	Offer	% Adopt	Offer	% Adopt
External thermal insulation	✓	100%	✓	100%	✓	100%
Energy-efficient windows	✓	97.4%	✓	76%	✓	100%
Radiators, valves, metering	✓	84.4%	×	-	✓	100%
Indoor fresh air system	✓	58.4%	×	-	×	-

Promulgation activities towards residents

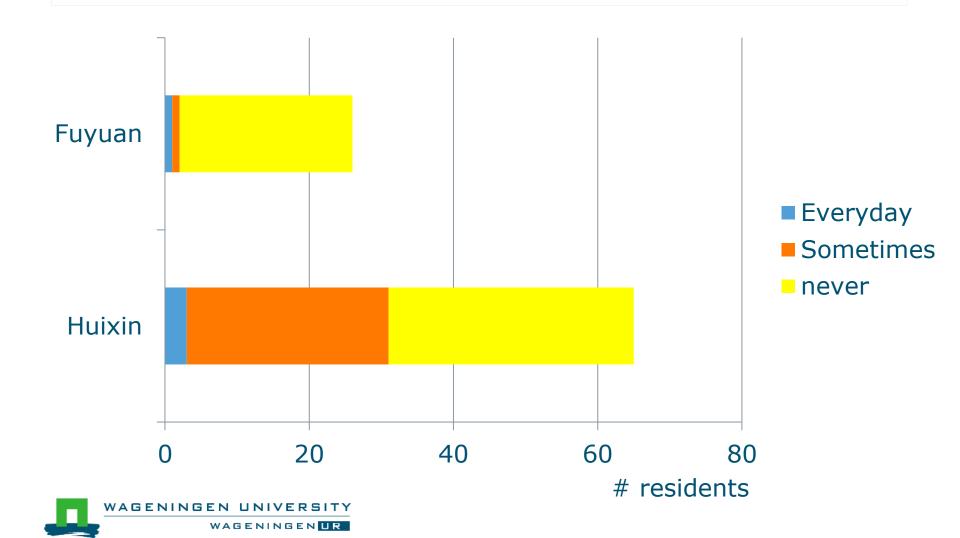


Agreement wall insulation (Huixin, n=65)

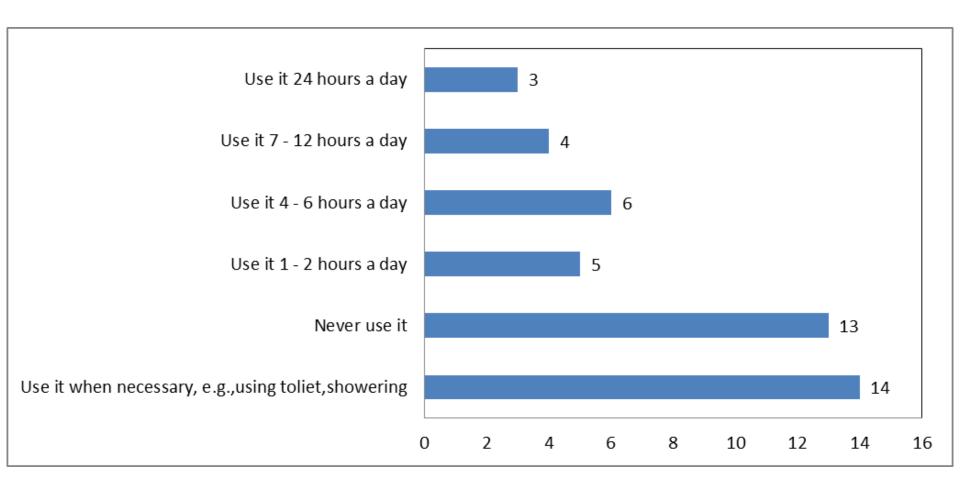




Reported regulation valves behavior Huixin (n=65) and Fuyan (n=27)

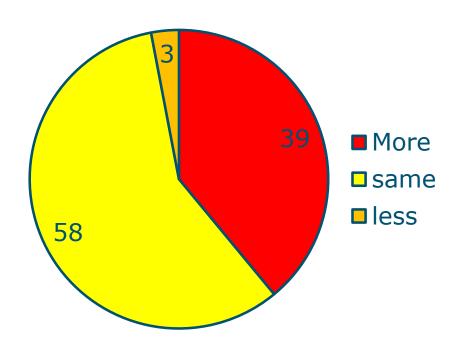


Use fresh air system in Huixin (n=45)





Opening window behavior all cases



- Hardly for temperature regulation
- Especially for fresh air
- Not much use fresh air system

Reasons not using energy efficiency devices

Refusal install: financial reason, peer pressure, unknown

Valves Fresh air system Poor understanding of Removal after installation possibilities of heat Not satisfied regulation Noisy No instructions given Windows better Afraid for damage/leakage Unawareness of the existence of valves



Conclusions

- Public participation relevant, but different
- Means of participation:
 - Finances
 - Decision-making retrofit design
 - Demonstration, consultation, communications, learning
- More participation needed because
 - Maximizing implementation energy efficient technologies
 - Use-efficiency retrofitted technologies low without participation
 - Preventing destruction of technologies
 - Preventing dissatisfied residents
 - Information feed-back: metering not understood by 80%



Thanks

